## 6th Grade

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## Ratios and Proportional Relationships

## 6.RP.A Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.

| 6.RP.A. 1 Understand the concept of a ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities. For example, "The ratio of wings to beaks in the bird house at the zoo was 2:1 because for every 2 wings there was 1 beak. "For every vote candidate A received, candidate C received nearly three votes." | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| 6.RP.A. 2 Understand the concept of a unit rate a/b associated with ratio a:b with b does not $=0$, and use rate language in the context of a ration relationship. For example, "This recipe has a ratio of 3 cups of flour to 4 cups of sugar, so there is $3 / 4$ cup of flour for each cup of sugar. We paid $\$ 75$ for 15 hamburgers, which is a rate of $\$ 5$ per hamburger." | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.RP.A.3a Use ration and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. <br> a) Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with lower whole-number measurements, finding missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.RP.A.3b Use ration and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. <br> b) Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. For example, if it took 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at that rate, how many lawns could be mowed in 35 hours? At what rate were lawns being mowed? | ○ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.RP.A.3c Use ration and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. <br> c) Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 (e.g., $30 \%$ of a quantity means 30/100 times the quantity; solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part, and the percent. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.RP.A.3d Use ration and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. <br> d) Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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The Number System
6.NS.A Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions.
6.NS.A. 1 Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions by fractions,e.g.,by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. For example, create a story context for (2/3) + (3/4) and use a visual fraction model to show the quotient; use the relationship between multiplication and division to explain that $(2 / 3)+(3 / 4)=8 / 9$ because $3 / 4$ of $8 / 9$ is $2 / 3$. (In general, $(a / b)+(c / d)=a d / b e$, ) How much chocolate will each person get if 3 people share $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$ of chocolate equally? How many $3 / 4$-cup servings are in $2 / 3$ of a cup of yogurt? How wide is a rectanaular strip of land with length $3 / 4$ mi and area 112 square mi?

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6.NS.C Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.

| 6.NS.B. 2 Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using the standard algorithm. | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| 6.NS.B. 3 Fluently add, subtract, multiply,and divide multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for each operation | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,NS.B. 4 Find the greatest common factor of two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 and the least common mulbple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12 . Use the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor. For example, express $36+8$ as 4 (9 +2 ). |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |

6.NS.C. 5 Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together
to describe quantities having opposite directions or values (e.g.,
temperature above/below zero,elevation above/below sea level,
credits/debits, positive/negative electric charge); use positive and negative
numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the
6.NS.C. 5 Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together scribe quantities having opposie directions or values (e.g.,
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| The Number System |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| meaning of 0 in each situation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.6a Understand a rabonal number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates. <br> a) Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating Locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself,e.g., $-(-3)=3$, and that 0 is its own opposite. |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.6b Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the lineand in the plane with negative number coordinates. <br> b) Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairsas indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane;recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes. |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.6c Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane, recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes. <br> c) Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram;find and positionpairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane. |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.7a Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers. <br> a) Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram. For example, interpret -3 $>-7$ as a statement that -3 is located to the right of -7 on a number line oriented from left to right. |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.7b Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers. <br> b) Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |


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| real-world contexts. For example, write $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}>-7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to express the fact that $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer than $-7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.7c Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers. <br> c) Understand the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line; interpret absolute value as magnitude for a positive or negative quantity ina real-world situation. For example, for an account balance of -30 dollars, write $l-301=30$ to describe the size of the debt in dollars. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C.7d Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers. d) Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order. For example, recognize that an account balance less than -30 dollars represents a debt greater than 30 dollars. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 6.NS.C. 8 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants ol the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |


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6.EE.A Apply previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions


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| Expressions \& Equations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.EE.A. 4 Identify when two expressions are equivalent (i.e. when the two expressions name the same number regardless of which value is substituted into them). For example, the expressions $y+y+y$ and $3 y$ are equivalent because they name the same number reqardless of which number y stands for. |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
| 6.EE.B Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.EE.B. 5 Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 6.EE.B. 6 Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a read-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 6.EE.B. 7 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x+p=p x=q$ for cases in which $p, q$, and $x$ are all nonnegative rational numbers. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 6.EE.B. 8 Write an inequality of the form $\mathrm{x}>\mathrm{c}$ or $\mathrm{x}<\mathrm{c}$ to represent a constraint or condition in a real-world or mathematical problem. Recognize that inequalities of the form $\mathrm{x}>\mathrm{c}$ or $\mathrm{x}<\mathrm{c}$ have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on number line diagrams. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 6.EE.C Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.EE.C. 9 Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation. For example, in a problem involving motion at |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | - |  |  |


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| Expressions \& Equations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| constant speed, list and graph ordered pairs of distances and times and write the equation $d=65 t$ to represent the relationship between distance and time. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


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6.G.A. Solve realOworld and mathematical problems involving area, surface area and volume


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| Geometry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.G.A. 4 Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems. |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |


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| Statistics and Probability |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.SP.A. 1 Develop understanding of statistical variability |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.SP.A. 1 Recognize a statistical question as one that anticipates variability in the data related to the question and accounts for it in the answers. For example,"How old am I?" is not a statistical question, but "How old are the students in my school?"is a statistical question because one anticipates |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |


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| Statistics and Probability |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| variability in students' ages. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.SP.A. 2 Understand that a set of data collected to answer a statistical question has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread. and overall shape. |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 6.SP.A. 3 Recognize that a measure of center for a numerical data set summarizes all of its values with a single number, while a measure of variation describes how tis values vary with a single number. |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 6.SP.B Summarize and describe distributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.SP.B. 4 Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots,histograms, and box plots. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| 6.SP.B.5a Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their content such as by: <br> a) Reporting the number of observations. |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 6.SP.B.5b Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their content such as by: <br> b) Describing the nature of the attribute under investigation, including how it was measured and its units of measurement. |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 6.SP.B.5c Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their content such as by: <br> c) Giving quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability(interquartile range and/or mean absolute deviation), as well as describing any overall pattern and any sinking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 。 |
| 6.SP.B.5d Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their content such as by: <br> d) Relating the choice of measures of center and variability to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered. |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |


[^0]:    $\circ$ = Standards taught and assessed

